

point, and in ironical tones said that of course it would be easy to get together and pass a revenue bill with a free silver amendment.

"You will recall," he said, "that five senators voted against taking up the Dingley bill. Every one of those five senators has been endorsed by his state. Every one of those five senators will be a delegate to the national convention."

Mr. Hill now resumed his speech. He said that the bill as presented constituted, with a large—would not say unscrupulous—minority in the Republican party, willing to put silver in front of everything and with the Democratic party divided, it would be impossible to frame a tariff bill. A non-partisan tariff bill was

AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

"If I were the president of the United States," he said (which from the present political prospect it looks as if I never would be), I should take the last dollar from the treasury to see that the pledges of the government would be kept, and I might judge the character and force of the present executive if he does not pursue this course."

Mr. Hill yielded here to Mr. Baker (Rep., Kan.). He said the bill was a mischievous one. He referred to the refusal of the senate to pass the Dingley tariff bill and warned the senate against depicting itself as securing its only mode of securing the means of conducting the government. He said the passage of the bill would force shadowy panic, repudiation and possibly revolution. It would be the greatest crime of the nineteenth century.

Mr. Teller asked Mr. Baker if he approved of the issuance of bonds by the present administration.

Mr. Baker replied that he would have favored the passage of such a bill as this when he first came into the senate, but since five Republican senators had joined with the silver Democrats and Populists to prevent the passage of a bill to issue

AN ADEQUATE INCREASE

of the revenue, he had concluded that there was no possibility of securing legislation that would give sufficient revenue. In view of this fact, he believed it was to retain the only vestige of authority left for securing money. At 3 p.m. the chair laid the regular order of business before the senate but the senate, by a vote of 29 to 27, decided to continue the consideration of the bill.

Mr. Hill closed at 2 o'clock and was followed by Mr. Hawley (Rep., Conn.) in a short but impassioned exhortation against the prohibition.

Mr. Baker replied that he would have declared, "It will be one of the foulest blots on the history of this honorable body."

"This is repudiation. This is bankruptcy. This is dishonor and infamy," exclaimed Mr. Hawley.

Mr. Mills (Dem., Texas) supported the bill, characterizing the speeches of Mr. Hill and Mr. Hawley as the most remarkable he had ever heard of as they did that the government must issue bonds to raise money to pay the ordinary expenses of the government.

Mr. Mills expressed his amazement that a Democratic leader (referring to Mr. Hill) would rise here and argue for bonds. The senate then voted on a resolution that the government must issue bonds to raise money to pay the ordinary expenses of the government.

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## THE METAL MAKES FRIENDS

### Silver Sentiment is Growing at a Rate Most Marvelous.

### WARNER'S CHANGED VIEWS

#### Even Silver Enthusiasts Are Greatly Astonished.

If the Democrats Adopt a Silver Platform at Chicago, as Now Seems Probable, Then It Is the Duty of Every Friend of the White Metal, Irrespective of Party, to Vote For the Democratic Candidate.

CHICAGO, May 22.—General A. J. Warner of Marietta, Ohio, president of the American Bimetallite Union, and one of the original free silver men, came to Chicago yesterday to consult with the local 16 to 1 men in regard to the meeting of the executive committee of the American Bimetallite Union.

Since his recent visit to this city, General Warner has changed his views in regard to the money plank which will be adopted by the Democratic national convention. A short time ago he believed that both the Republican and Democratic conventions would be controlled by the gold standard men. But he has changed his mind in reply to a question, "Do you think the silver sentiment will control the national Democratic convention?" he said:

"Up to within a month of this time I did not believe it would, for I thought the administration influence at the end would control the convention."

General Warner further said: "The growth of the silver sentiment, or rather its manifestation at the Democratic primaries in the selection of delegates,

HAS BEEN ASTONISHING, even to enthusiastic silver men like myself, and now it seems almost certain that the sentiment will carry over to the national convention in Chicago in July. I believe that the silver sentiment will control the convention, and the Democrats will adopt a silver platform and nominate free coinage candidates."

"We are for the cause. Silver men must unite and not divide, and if the Democratic national convention adopts a straight out-and-out bimetallic platform and nominates safe candidates on such a platform there will be no course open to the silver men but to join on that platform and to vote for such candidates. Then there would be no excuse for another silver party."

"UNITE AND CONQUER," is our watchword. Division means defeat."

"Who would you consider 'safe candidates' to be nominated by the Democrats on a silver platform?"

"Oh, there are several. Ex-Governor Drexler of Iowa, who has just won a victory in the Hawkeye state, undoubtedly would make a safe candidate. With Senator Blackburn of Kentucky, Senator Morgan of Alabama, or, perhaps, better to suit the people's party, Judge Caldwell of St. Louis, on the other end of the ticket, it would make a very strong one."

"Suppose the gold men control the Democratic convention?"

"Then the silver men which will meet in St. Louis July 22 will name a silver ticket and call upon the silver men of the whole country to support it, irrespective of party."

"What ticket would be named by that convention?"

"If a Democrat is selected to head the ticket, I do not think a better candidate could be named than J. B. Sibley of Pennsylvania, but if a Republican, it doubtless would be Senator Teller of Colorado, or Senator John Cameron of Pennsylvania, with the chances probably in favor of Teller."

A DISHONORABLE ACT.

"But thank God, the measure cannot become a law," exclaimed Mr. Sherman, "while the house of representatives and the president are as they are."

There was a burst of applause from the galleries, as Mr. Sherman closed.

Mr. Teller, who had just been elected, denied that there was any repudiation of a contract obligation and declared that the association was a "free silver and untruthful" threat. Teller said this was a "free silver and untruthful" threat. Teller said this was a "free silver and untruthful" threat.

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## SANCTUARY OF GOD

### DEFILED WITH BLOOD

(Continued from Page 1.)

The Established Facts.

The established facts in this case are that the body of a woman has been cremated in the basement. The presence of the murderous butcher knife and two razors leaves little doubt but that this woman, whoever she was, was foully dealt with. The disappearance of Miss Clawson and the other circumstances related may be only coincidences, but the theory of all who are familiar with the details of the case so far as known is that she is the victim.

The Truth Must Come Out.

Whether the woman whose body was burned in the furnace was murdered is a matter of conjecture, but it will not be for long. The authorities are on the trail and there is no doubt but that within a few days the details will be brought to light.

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## HOW GOLDBUGS WERE OUTWITTED

A Nicely-Laid Plan, But it Failed to Work.

GOOD ADV. FOR JIM.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 22.—Pugilist Jim Corbett narrowly escaped losing his life at the hands of a wild-eyed crank armed with a revolver at Hot Springs yesterday. As he was walking along Central avenue a man suddenly sprang from a doorway and facing the pugilist demanded to know if his name was Corbett.

"If you are Jim Corbett," the crank yelled, "I'm going to lick you right here."

Corbett hesitated a moment, and the crank, with a quick movement, drew a revolver from his pocket and pointed it at Corbett's breast. Corbett struck the weapon out of the crank's hand and seizing the man held him until an officer arrived.

REV. NEWMAN HALL.

He and His Wife Tendered a Reception.

LONDON, May 22.—There was a public presentation of a portrait and addresses to Rev. Newman Hall and wife last evening at which there was a large gathering of reverend gentlemen. Lord Kinaird presided, the Duke of Westminster and many other prominent people were there to express their congratulations. An address from American friends was also presented.

Mr. Hall, whose 50th birthday was the occasion of the testimonial, made a speech of interesting reminiscences. He thanked his English and American friends for their kindness and alluded to his experience in America, his address being received with great cheer and enthusiasm. Mr. Hall made two extensive tours in the United States after the civil war, and during that time he was the first feeling toward Great Britain and of promoting international good will. During the war he was a strong advocate of the northern cause in England.

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## VILLAINOUS LEGISLATION

Dockery's Compliments to the Representatives.

IT WAS PASSED BY A BRUTAL MAJORITY.

Not a Section of the Bill Was Ever Read in the House, and Yet It Carried Seventy-Five Millions of Dollars—Not in the History of the Country Had Been Known Such Legislation Before.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Phillips labor bill, which was to have come to a vote in the house today under the special order, was completely crowded out by the conference report on the river and harbor and sundry civil bills. The bill will now go over until next week.

This conference report on the river and harbor bill which reported an agreement on all the items save that relating to the Santa Monica and San Pedro harbors, Cal., was made the basis of a very bitter attack on the bill by Messrs. Hepburn (Rep., Iowa) and Lockery (Dem., Mo.). The latter said he opposed this measure because it contained

RUINOUS APPROPRIATIONS

not warranted by the condition of the treasury. He said he resented the fact that his remarks would not be punctuated by applause. "We are all in it," he added.